

The **I3tl-build** package: building token lists*

The L^AT_EX3 Project[†]

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1 I3tl-build documentation

This module provides no user function: it is meant for kernel use only.

There are two main ways of building token lists from individual tokens. Either in one go within an x-expanding assignment, or by repeatedly using `\t1_put_right:Nn`. The first method takes a linear time, but only allows expandable operations. The second method takes a time quadratic in the length of the token list, but allows expandable and non-expandable operations.

The goal of this module is to provide functions to build a token list piece by piece in linear time, while allowing non-expandable operations. This is achieved by abusing `\toks`: adding some tokens to the token list is done by storing them in a free token register (time $O(1)$ for each such operation). Those token registers are only put together at the end, within an x-expanding assignment, which takes a linear time.¹ Of course, all this must be done in a group: we can't go and clobber the values of legitimate `\toks` used by L^AT_EX 2 _{ε} .

Since none of the current applications need the ability to insert material on the left of the token list, I have not implemented that. This could be done for instance by using odd-numbered `\toks` for the left part, and even-numbered `\toks` for the right part.

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¹If we run out of token registers, then the currently filled-up `\toks` are put together in a temporary token list, and cleared, and we ultimately use `\t1_put_right:Nx` to put those chunks together. Hence the true asymptotic is quadratic, with a very small constant.

1.1 Internal functions

```
\__tl_build:Nw          \__tl_build:Nw <tl var> ...
\__tl_gbuild:Nw         \__tl_build_one:n <tokens1> ...
\__tl_build_x:Nw        \__tl_build_one:n <tokens2> ...
...
\__tl_gbuild_x:Nw
```

Defines the $\langle tl\ var\rangle$ to contain the contents of $\langle tokens1\rangle$ followed by $\langle tokens2\rangle$, etc. This is built in such a way to be more efficient than repeatedly using $\text{_}\text{tl_put_right:Nn}$. The code in “...” does not need to be expandable. The commands $__tl_build:Nw$ and $__tl_build_end:$ start and end a group. The assignment to the $\langle tl\ var\rangle$ occurs just after the end of that group, using $\text{_}\text{tl_set:Nn}$, $\text{_}\text{tl_gset:Nn}$, $\text{_}\text{tl_set:Nx}$, or $\text{_}\text{tl_gset:Nx}$.

```
\__tl_build_one:n        \__tl_build_one:n <tokens>
```

This function may only be used within the scope of a $__tl_build:Nw$ function. It adds the $\langle tokens\rangle$ on the right of the current token list.

```
\__tl_build_end:
```

Ends the scope started by $__tl_build:Nw$, and performs the relevant assignment.

2 I3tl-build implementation

```
1  {*initex | package}
2  <@=tlbuild>
3  \ProvidesExplPackage
4    {\ExplFileName}{\ExplFileVersion}{\ExplFileDescription}
```

2.1 Variables and helper functions

$\backslash l__tl__build__start__index__int$ $\backslash l__tl__build__index__int$ Integers pointing to the starting index (currently always starts at zero), and the current index. The corresponding $\text{_}\text{toks}$ are accessed directly by number.

```
5  \int_new:N \l__tl_build_start_index_int
6  \int_new:N \l__tl_build_index_int
```

(End definition for $\backslash l__tl__build__start__index__int$ and $\backslash l__tl__build__index__int$. These variables are documented on page ??.)

$\backslash l__tl__build__result__tl$ The resulting token list is normally built in one go by unpacking all $\text{_}\text{toks}$ in some range. In the rare cases where there are too many $__tl_build_one:n$ commands, leading to the depletion of registers, the contents of the current set of $\text{_}\text{toks}$ is unpacked into $\backslash l__tl__build__result__tl$. This prevents overflow from affecting the end-user (beyond an obvious performance hit).

```
7  \tl_new:N \l__tl_build_result_tl
```

(End definition for $\backslash l__tl__build__result__tl$. This variable is documented on page ??.)

_tl_build_unpack: The various pieces of the token list are built in `\toks` from the `start_index` (inclusive) to the (current) `index` (excluded). Those `\toks` are unpacked and stored in order in the `result` token list. Optimizations would be possible here, for instance, unpacking 10 `\toks` at a time with a macro expanding to `\the\toks#10... \the\toks#19`, but this should be kept for much later.

```

8  \cs_new_protected_nopar:Npn \_tl_build_unpack:
9    {
10      \tl_put_right:Nx \l__tl_build_result_tl
11      {
12          \exp_after:wN \_tl_build_unpack_loop:w
13          \int_use:N \l__tl_build_start_index_int ;
14          \_prg_break_point:
15      }
16  }
17 \cs_new:Npn \_tl_build_unpack_loop:w #1 ;
18  {
19      \if_int_compare:w #1 = \l__tl_build_index_int
20          \exp_after:wN \_prg_break:
21      \fi:
22      \tex_the:D \tex_toks:D #1 \exp_stop_f:
23      \exp_after:wN \_tl_build_unpack_loop:w
24          \int_use:N \_int_eval:w #1 + \c_one ;
25  }

```

(End definition for `_tl_build_unpack`. This function is documented on page ??.)

2.2 Building the token list

`_tl_build:Nw`
`_tl_build_x:Nw`
`_tl_gbuild:Nw`
`_tl_gbuild_x:Nw`
`_tl_build_aux>NNw`

Similar to what is done for coffins: redefine some command, here `_tl_build_end_-aux:n` to hold the relevant assignment (see `_tl_build_end:` for details). Then initialize the start index and the current index at zero, and empty the `result` token list.

```

26 \cs_new_protected_nopar:Npn \_tl_build:Nw
27   { \_tl_build_aux:NNw \tl_set:Nn }
28 \cs_new_protected_nopar:Npn \_tl_build_x:Nw
29   { \_tl_build_aux:NNw \tl_set:Nx }
30 \cs_new_protected_nopar:Npn \_tl_gbuild:Nw
31   { \_tl_build_aux:NNw \tl_gset:Nn }
32 \cs_new_protected_nopar:Npn \_tl_gbuild_x:Nw
33   { \_tl_build_aux:NNw \tl_gset:Nx }
34 \cs_new_protected:Npn \_tl_build_aux:NNw #1#2
35  {
36      \group_begin:
37      \cs_set_nopar:Npn \_tl_build_end_assignment:n
38          { \group_end: #1 #2 }
39      \int_zero:N \l__tl_build_start_index_int
40      \int_zero:N \l__tl_build_index_int
41      \tl_clear:N \l__tl_build_result_tl
42  }

```

(End definition for `_tl_build:Nw` and others. These functions are documented on page ??.)

__tl_build_end:

__tl_build_end_assignment:n

When we are done building a token list, unpack all `\toks` into the `result` token list, and expand this list before closing the group. The `__tl_build_end_assignment:n` function is defined by `__tl_build_aux:NNw` to end the group and hold the relevant assignment. Its value outside is irrelevant, but just in case, we set it to a function which would clean up the contents of `\l__tl_build_result_tl`.

```

43 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__tl_build_end:
44 {
45     \__tl_build_unpack:
46     \exp_args:No
47     \__tl_build_end_assignment:n \l__tl_build_result_tl
48 }
49 \cs_new_eq:NN \__tl_build_end_assignment:n \use_none:n
(End definition for \__tl_build_end:. This function is documented on page 2.)
```

__tl_build_one:n

__tl_build_one:o

__tl_build_one:x

Store the tokens in a free `\toks`, then move the pointer to the next one. If we overflow, unpack the current `\toks`, and reset the current index, preparing to fill more `\toks`. This could be optimized by avoiding to read #1, using `\afterassignment`.

```

50 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__tl_build_one:n #1
51 {
52     \tex_toks:D \l__tl_build_index_int {#1}
53     \tex_advance:D \l__tl_build_index_int \c_one
54     \if_int_compare:w \l__tl_build_index_int > \c_max_register_int
55         \__tl_build_unpack:
56         \l__tl_build_index_int \l__tl_build_start_index_int
57     \fi:
58 }
59 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__tl_build_one:o #1
60 {
61     \tex_toks:D \l__tl_build_index_int \exp_after:wN {#1}
62     \tex_advance:D \l__tl_build_index_int \c_one
63     \if_int_compare:w \l__tl_build_index_int > \c_max_register_int
64         \__tl_build_unpack:
65         \l__tl_build_index_int \l__tl_build_start_index_int
66     \fi:
67 }
68 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__tl_build_one:x #1
69 { \use:x { \__tl_build_one:n {#1} } }
```

(End definition for `__tl_build_one:n`, `__tl_build_one:o`, and `__tl_build_one:x`. These functions are documented on page ??.)

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